

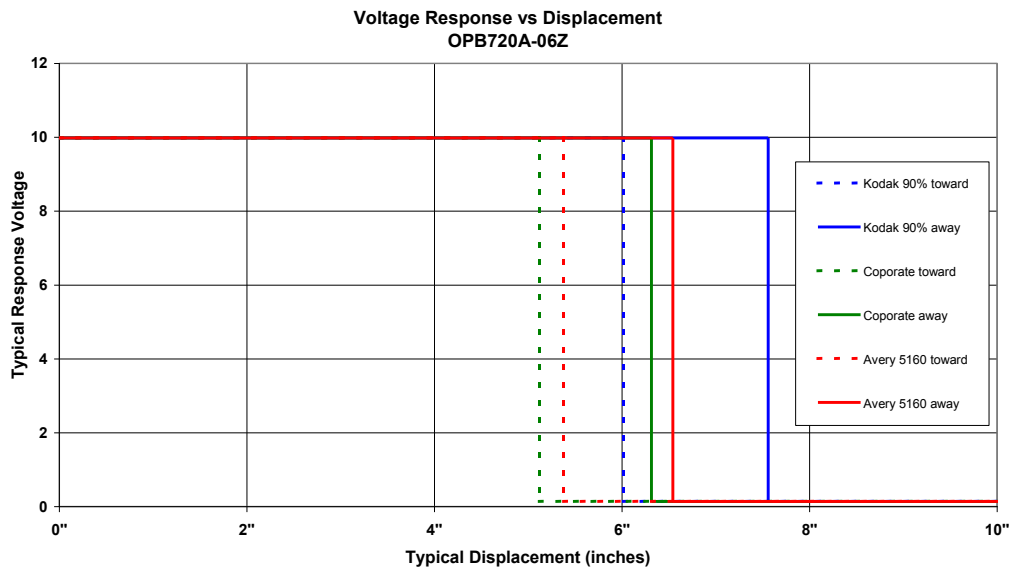
Characteristics of the OPB720 Reflective Switch



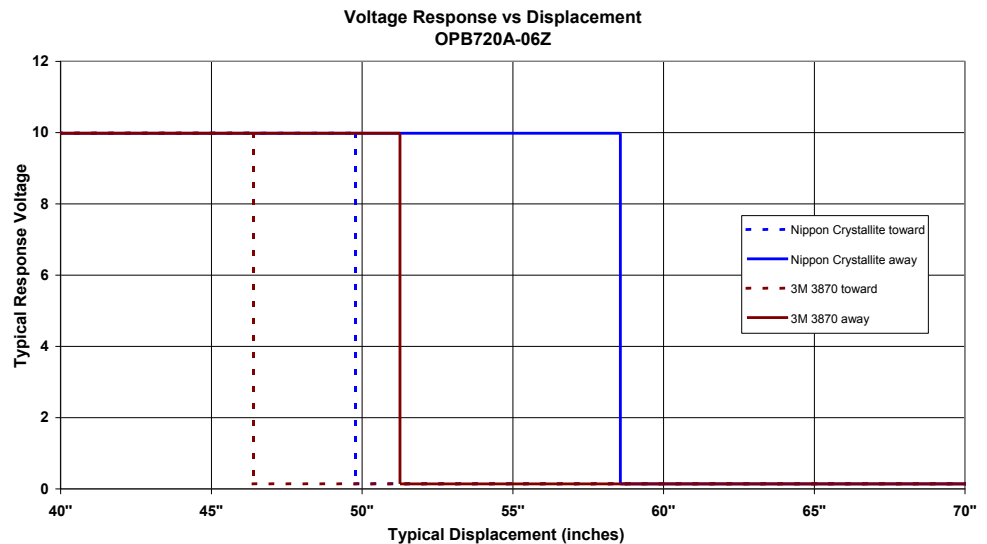
Operation

The OPB720 device turns off the output transistor when a target reflects sufficient light to the photosensor element. When the reflected signal is reduced to a level below the internal threshold the output transistor turns on thus providing a low signal output. In order to switch the output transistor off, a more intense light signal is required. This change in signal level keeps the device from oscillating and the effect is called hysteresis.

The first device we will look at for switching conditions is the OPB720A-06Z. This device is designed to switch from the reflective light to the non reflective light levels with a target around 6" [15 cm] from the front surface of the device (see below). This is the normal reflective operating condition. The type and size of reflective material may change the distance of operation. The solid line is for a target moving away from the device.



If a longer distance is required, the device can be used in an interruptive mode. When a small reflective target approximately 2" [5 cm] square of 3M-3870 or Nippon Crystallite) is placed in the transmissive path of the device, the operating distance can be increased considerably. As can be seen below, this distance can be increased for an operating distance between 8" [20 cm] and 45" [114 cm]. In this mode the device is normally reflecting and when an object interrupts the beam the device switches states.



General Note

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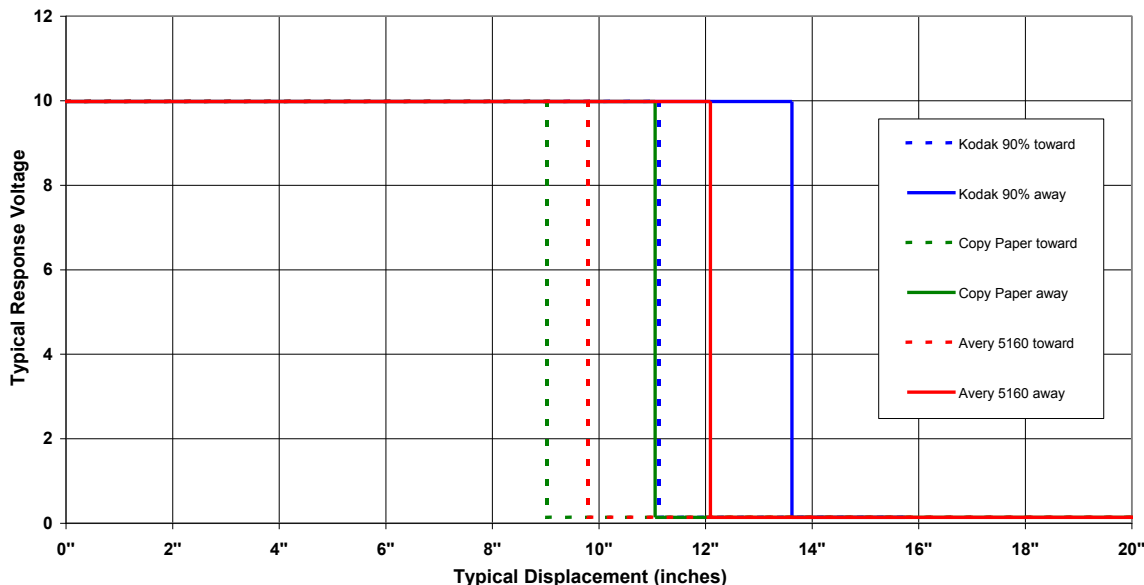
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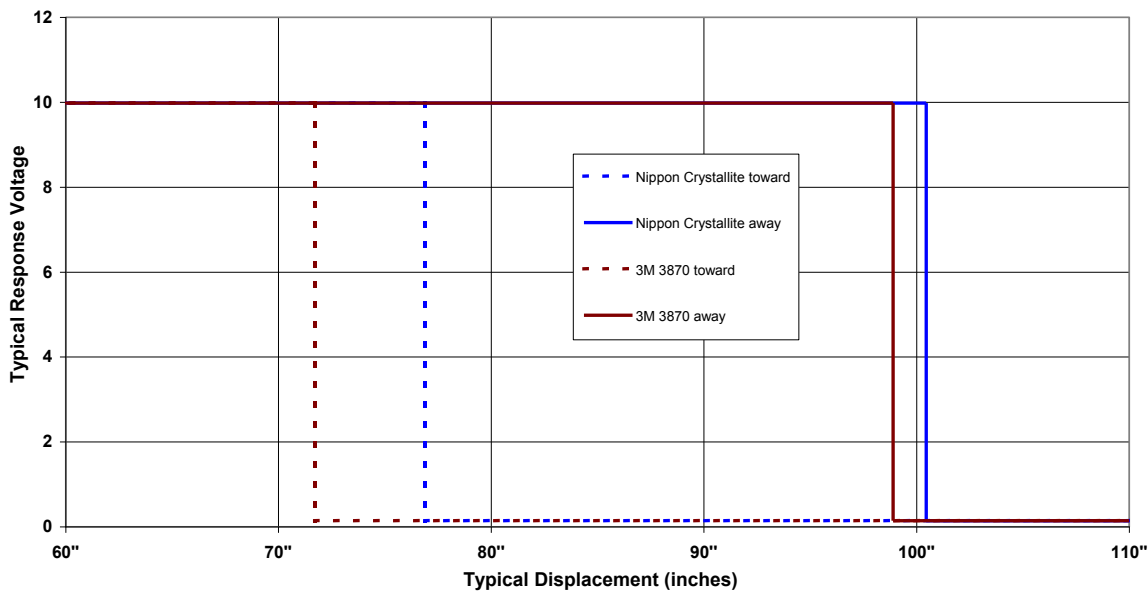


The following graphs shows the typical distances that can be expected for the OPB720A-12Z and OPB720A-30VZ. The OPB720A-30VZ uses a VCSEL (Vertical Cavity Surface Emitting Laser) as a light emitting device. The laser classification for this device is Class 1M, which requires minimum safety considerations(1).

Voltage Response vs Displacement
OPB720A-12Z



Voltage Response vs Displacement
OPB720A-12Z



General Note

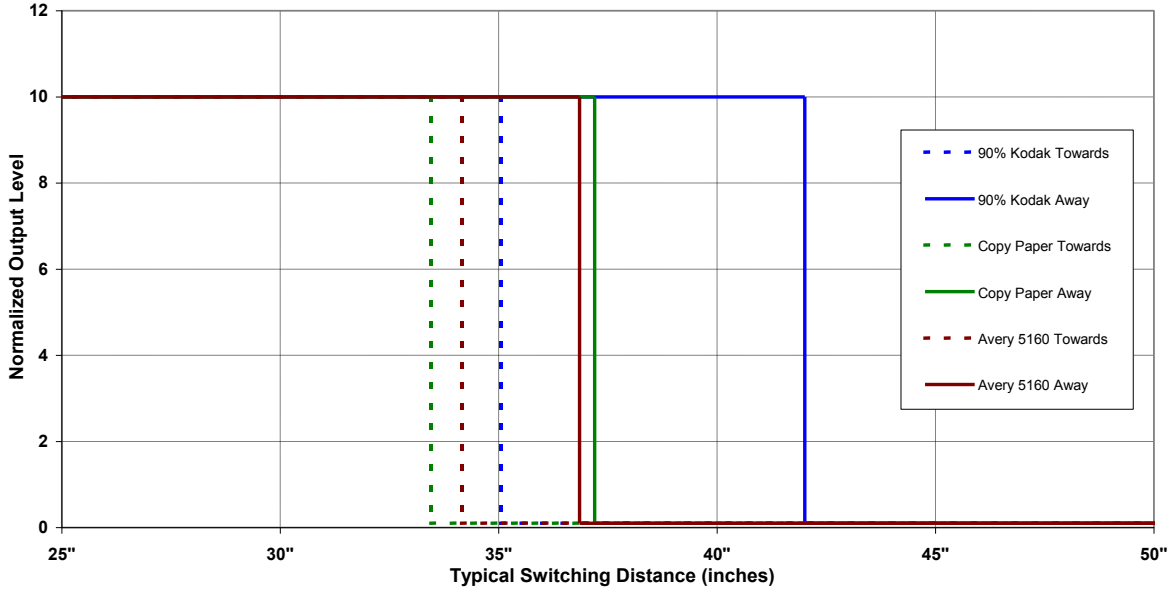
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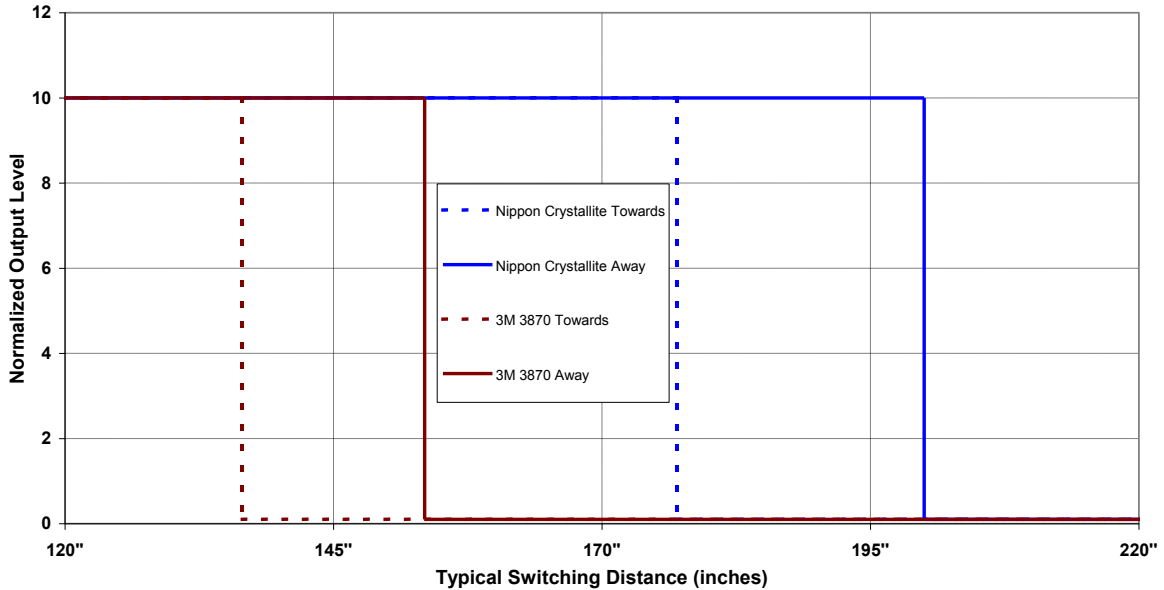
Characteristics of the OPB720 Reflective Switch



Voltage Response vs Displacement
OPB720A-30VZ



Voltage Response vs Displacement
OPB720A-30VZ



Do NOT directly view this device with a magnifier closer than 4" [10 cm]. Additional laser safety information can be found on the website. See application bulletin #221. Classification is not marked on the device due to space limitations. See package outline for centerline of optical radiance. Operating devices beyond maximum rating may cause devices to exceed rated classification

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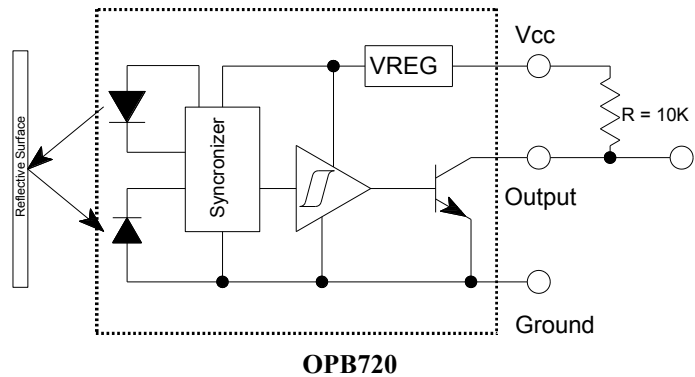
Characteristics of the OPB720 Reflective Switch



Hook-Up

The OPB720 series requires minimal external components. The below schematic shows a typical schematic that can be used.

Vcc for the **OPB720A-06Z** and **OPB720A-12Z** can range from +10 volts to +30 volts and +15 volts to +30 volts for the **OPB720-30VZ**. If you connect the load resistor R to a separate power supply the output voltage can range up to +30 volts. This allows the user the ability to easily separate the active sensor from the load electronics.



Reflective Operation

When the OPB720 is in the standard reflective operation mode, the two possible states are when the device receives sufficient reflected light from the target and when insufficient light is present to trip the device. When sufficient light is present for the sensor to recognize it the output will be in the “High” state (when the output transistor is OFF). When a small amount or no light is reflected from a target, the output transistor is turned “ON” resulting in an electrical “LOW” level.

The primary switching consideration is dependent on the distance and **direction** of a target moving toward or away from the sensor. As an example: the OPB720A-06 typically switches at a distance greater than 6” [15 cm], from “High” to “Low”, as a target is moved away. The OPB720A-06 switches from “Low” to “High” as the target is moves toward the sensor. The distance is typically less than 6” [15 cm].

A secondary switching consideration is dependent on the reflectivity of the target to near Infrared light (890 nm). As can be seen from the distance graphs, standard 90% reflective material, copy paper and white Avery labels have similar reflectivity while retro-reflective material similar to 3M 3870 and Nippon Crystallite reflect light back to the sensor at a much more intensive level thus increasing the reflective distance. This phenomena allows us to use the OPB720 series sensors in either a reflective or interruptive mode.

In the interruptive mode, the light is normally reflected back to the target. The material typically used for this application is highly reflective, such as 3M 3878 or Nippon Crystallite. Looking at the graph for the OPB720A-06 shows the typical switching position using 90% white reflective material is increased from 6” to 50”. In order to properly utilize the OPB720 in the reflective mode, any target that will reflect light back to the sensor must be beyond the 90% reflective distance consideration.

Conclusion

The OPB720 series reflective sensors operate over a wide range of distances from 0.1” [0.25 cm] to 150” [381 cm]. The type and size of material may change the operating conditions.

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