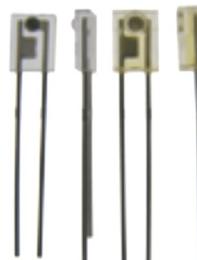


# Plastic Infrared Emitting Diode

OP240A & OP240B

OP245A & OP245B



## Features:

- Wide irradiance pattern
- Side-looking package for space-limited applications
- Wavelength matched to silicon's peak response
- Mechanically and spectrally matched to other OPTEK products

OP240    OP245

## Description:

Each device in this series is a high intensity gallium aluminum arsenide infrared emitting diode that is suited for use as a PC Board mounted slotted switch or an easy mount PC Board interrupter.

Inside each dome lens **OP240** and **OP245** device is an 890 nm LED chip that is molded in an IR-transmissive clear epoxy side-looking package. **OP240** is mechanically and spectrally matched to the **OP550** phototransistor and **OP560** photodarlington series. **OP245** is mechanically and spectrally matched to the **OP555** phototransistor series.

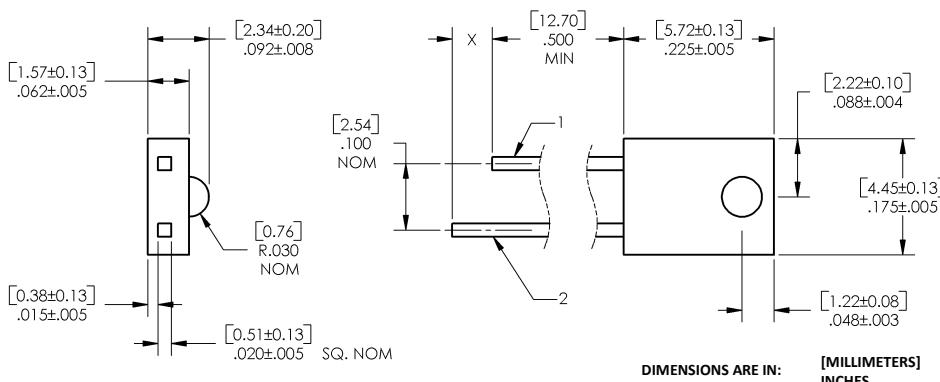
Please refer to Application Bulletin 210 for additional thermal design information.

## Applications:

- Space-limited applications
- PC Board mounted slotted switch
- PC Board interrupter

Ordering Information				
Part Number	LED Peak Wavelength	Lens Type	Total Beam Angle	Lead Length
OP240A	890 nm	Dome	40°	0.50" minimum
OP240B				
OP245A		Recessed		
OP245B				

## OP240 (A, B)



Pin #	LED
1	Cathode
2	Anode



RoHS

## General Note

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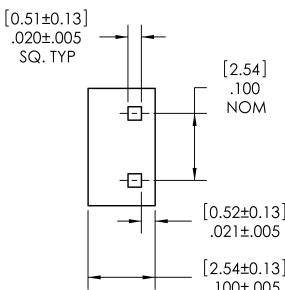
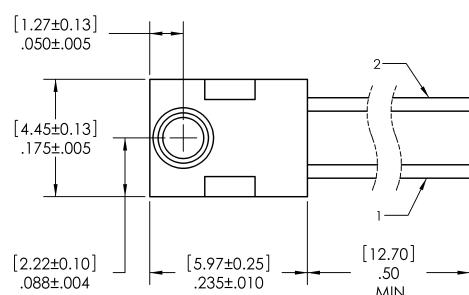
# Plastic Infrared Emitting Diode

OP240A & OP240B  
OP245A & OP245B



Pin #	LED
1	Cathode
2	Anode

**OP245 (A, B)**



DIMENSIONS ARE IN: [MILLIMETERS] [INCHES]

**OP245 CONTAINS POLYSULFONE**

To avoid stress cracking, we suggest using ND Industries' **Vibra-Tite** for thread-locking.

**Vibra-Tite** evaporates fast without causing structural failure in OPTEK's molded plastics.

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# Plastic Infrared Emitting Diode

OP240A & OP240B  
OP245A & OP245B



## Electrical Specifications

**Absolute Maximum Ratings** ( $T_A = 25^\circ C$  unless otherwise noted)

Storage and Operating Temperature Range	-40° C to +100° C
Reverse Voltage	2.0 V
Continuous Forward Current	50 mA
Peak Forward Current	3.0 A
Lead Soldering Temperature [1/16 inch (1.6 mm) from case for 5 seconds with soldering iron] <sup>(1)</sup>	260° C
Power Dissipation <sup>(2)</sup>	100 mW

**Electrical Characteristics** ( $T_A = 25^\circ C$  unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
<b>Input Diode</b>						
$E_{E(APT)}^{(3)}$	Apertured Radiant Incidence OP240A, OP245A OP240B, OP245B	0.60 0.40	- -	- 1.20	mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	$I_F = 20$ mA
$V_F$	Forward Voltage	1.00	-	1.80	V	$I_F = 20$ mA
$I_R$	Reverse Current	-	-	100	$\mu$ A	$V_R = 2.0$ V
$\lambda_p$	Wavelength at Peak Emission	-	890	-	nm	$I_F = 10$ mA
B	Spectral Bandwidth between Half Power Points	-	80	-	nm	$I_F = 10$ mA
$\Delta\lambda_p/\Delta T$	Spectral Shift with Temperature	-	$\pm 0.18$	-	nm/ $^\circ$ C	$I_F = \text{Constant}$
$\theta_{HP}$	Emission Angle at Half Power Points	-	40	-	Degree	$I_F = 20$ mA
$t_r$	Output Rise Time	-	500	-	ns	$I_{F(PK)} = 100$ mA, PW = 10 $\mu$ s, and D.C. = 10.0 %
$t_f$	Output Fall Time	-	250	-	ns	$I_{F(PK)} = 100$ mA, PW = 10 $\mu$ s, and D.C. = 10.0 %

Notes:

1. RMA flux is recommended. Duration can be extended to 10 seconds maximum when flow soldering. A maximum of 20 grams force may be applied to the leads when soldering.
2. Derate linearly 1.07 mW/ $^\circ$  C above 25° C.
3.  $E_{E(APT)}$  is a measurement of the average apertured radiant energy incident upon a sensing area 0.180" (4.57 mm) in diameter perpendicular to and centered on the mechanical axis of the lens and 0.653" (6.60 mm) from the lens tip.  $E_{E(APT)}$  is not necessarily uniform within the measured area.

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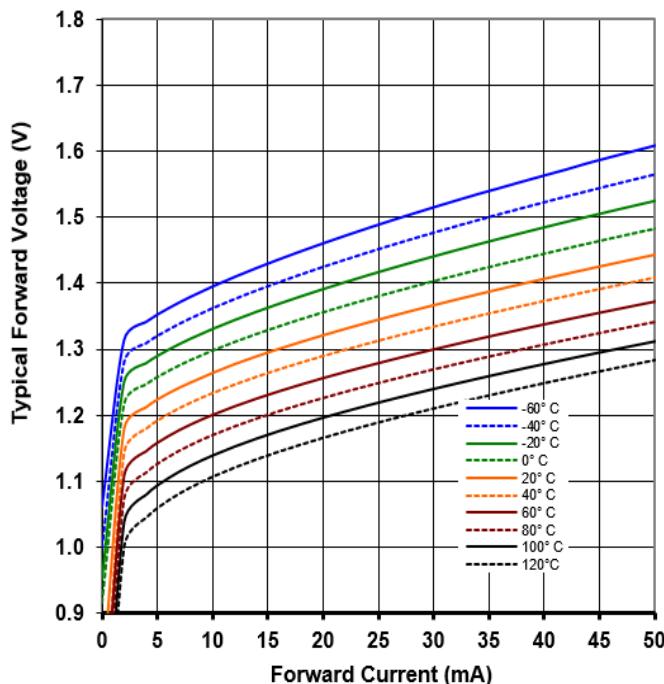
# Plastic Infrared Emitting Diode

OP240A & OP240B  
OP245A & OP245B

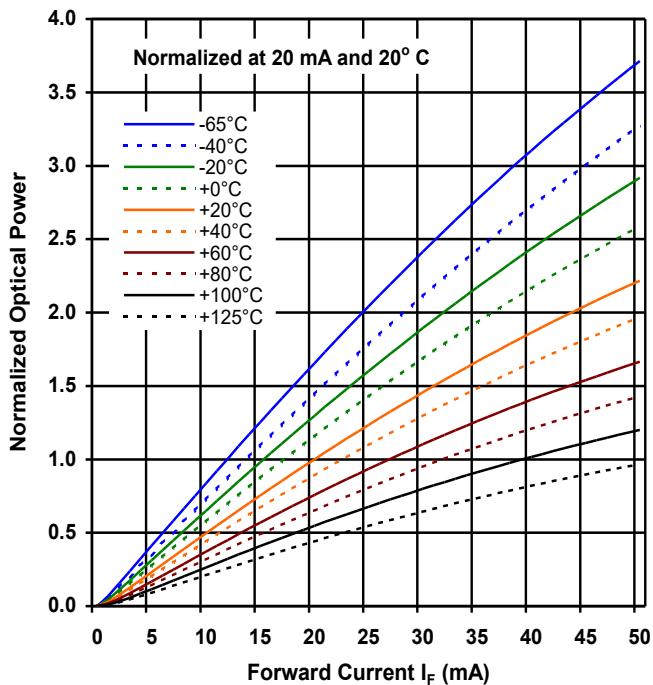


## Typical Performance OP240, OP245 (A, B)

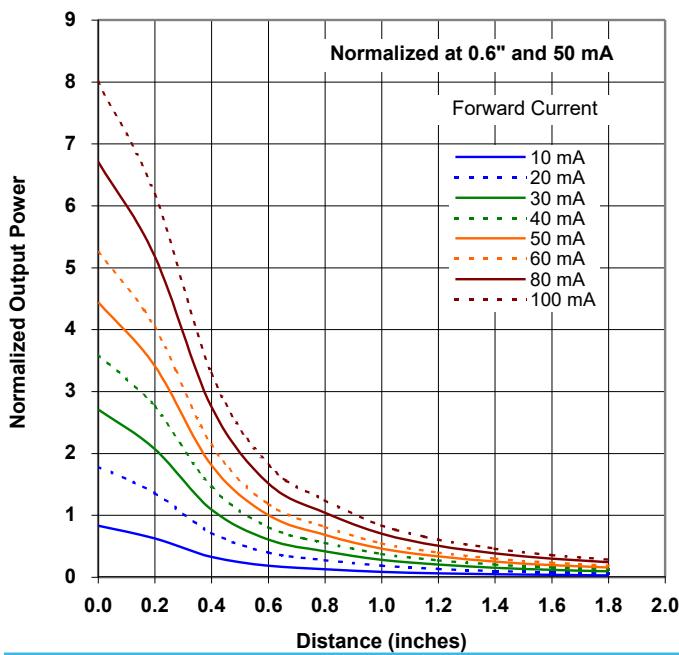
LED Forward Voltage vs Forward Current vs Temperature



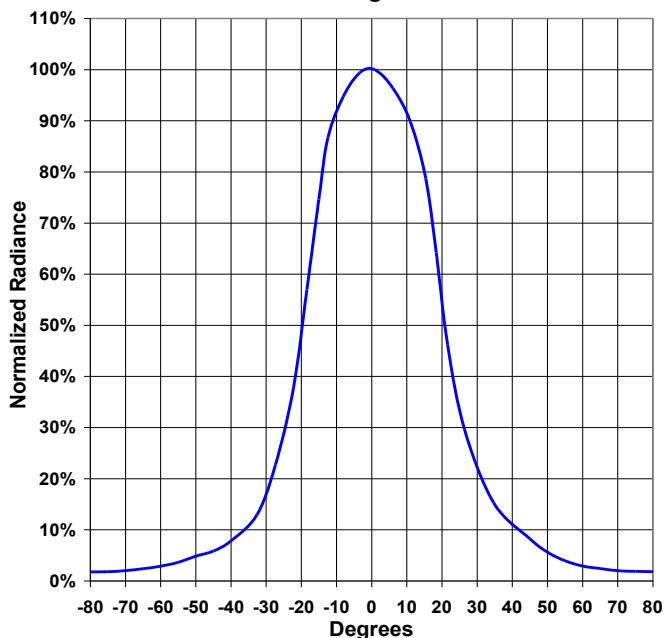
Optical Power vs  $I_F$  vs Temp



Distance vs Output Power vs Forward Current



Beam Angle



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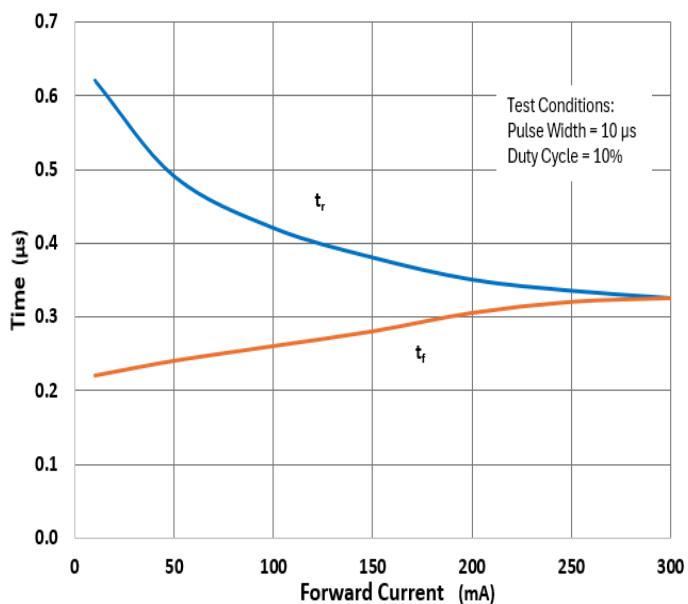
# Plastic Infrared Emitting Diode

OP240A & OP240B  
OP245A & OP245B

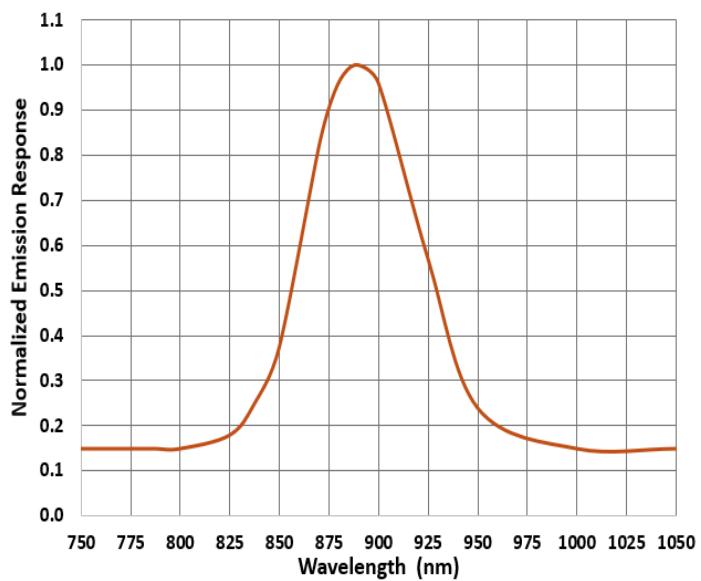


## Typical Performance OP240, OP245 (A, B)

Rise and Fall Time vs Forward Current



GaAlAs LED Spectral Output



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